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| APPLICATION NO.   | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.          | CONFIRMATION NO.   |
|---|-------------|----------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|
| 09/772,593  | 01/30/2001  | Marshall Medoff      | 08895-019001 Fibrous<br>Mate | 2374               |
| 7590  | 07/31/2002  |                      |                              |                    |
| CHARLES J. BOUDREAU<br>Fish & Richardson P.C.<br>Suite 2800<br>45 Rockefeller Plaza<br>New York, NY 10111 |             |                      | EXAMINER<br>NUTTER, NATHAN M |                    |
|   |             |                      | ART UNIT<br>1711             | PAPER NUMBER<br>// |
|   |             |                      | DATE MAILED: 07/31/2002      |                    |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

|                              |                              |                  |  |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------|--|
| <b>Office Action Summary</b> | Application No.              | Applicant(s)     |  |
|                              | 09/772,593                   | MEDOFF ET AL.    |  |
|                              | Examiner<br>Nathan M. Nutter | Art Unit<br>1711 |  |

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

#### Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

#### Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 16 July 2002.
- 2a) This action is FINAL.                    2b) This action is non-final.
- 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

#### Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 1-53 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) 18-44, 52 and 53 is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) Claim(s) 1-17 and 45-51 is/are rejected.
- 7) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

#### Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) The drawing(s) filed on 11 February 2002 is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- 11) The proposed drawing correction filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.  
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.
- 12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

#### Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120

- 13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
  - a) All
  - b) Some \*
  - c) None of:
    1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
    2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
    3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- \* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.
- 14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).
  - a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.
- 15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.

#### Attachment(s)

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)                                  | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). _____ . |
| 2) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)              | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)  |
| 3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) <u>8</u> . | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____                                     |

**DETAILED ACTION**

***Election/Restrictions***

Applicant's election without traverse of claims 1-17 and 45-51, Group I, in Paper No. 10 of 16 July 2002 is acknowledged.

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112***

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 46 and 50 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 46 recites "ground construction waste" which has no art-recognized meaning. Claim 50 recites "consumer products". Neither term is clear as to the meaning of what may be embraced by the terms. The terms are deemed to be vague and confusing in the absence of any clear guidance as to what may be included or excluded thereby.

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102***

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-3, 7, 9, 10, 15, 16 and 50 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Pratt et al, cited by applicants.

The reference to Pratt et al teaches essentially what is recited and herein claimed wherein a composite is produced from a resin and a cellulosic or lignocellulosic fiber that has been sheared. Note column 3 (lines 6-23) for the production of the fiber constituent and column 3 (lines 24-41) for the blended product. Note column 2 (lines 15-27) for the percentages by weight for the resin and fiber constituents. Note column 2 (lines 60-68) for the fiber sources, as recited in instant claims 3 and 7. finally, note the first full paragraph of column 5 for the modulus of rupture.

### ***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103***

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-17 and 45-51 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Pratt et al, cited and for the reasons set out above.

The reference to Pratt et al teaches essentially what is claimed herein. The particular choice of cellulosic or lignocellulosic fiber would include those choices recited in the instant claims. An artisan having an ordinary skill in the art would be apprised of such sources, and could pick according to budget, function, appearance, etc.. As such, the instant claims would have been obvious to a practitioner having an ordinary skill in

the art at the time the invention was made, absent any showing of unexpected or surprising results.

### ***Double Patenting***

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1-17 and 45-51 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-16 of U.S. Patent No. 5,973,035. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the particular choice of either resin or fiber source would be well within the purview of a practitioner in view of the claims of the reference.

Claims 1-17 and 45-51 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 9-37 of U.S. Patent No. 6,207,729. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not

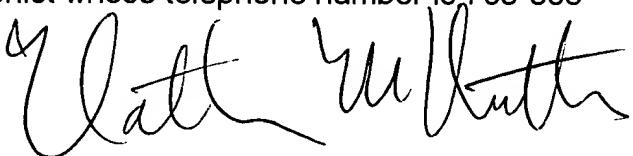
Art Unit: 1711

patentably distinct from each other because the choice of resin and fiber source would be obvious variants to those claimed herein.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Nathan M. Nutter whose telephone number is 703-308-2443. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 9:30 am to 6:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, James Seidleck can be reached on 703-308-2462. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-872-9310 for regular communications and 703-872-9311 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0661.



Nathan M. Nutter  
Primary Examiner  
Art Unit 1711

nmm  
July 25, 2002